

ALL LETTERS intended for publication, or on business connected with the paper, should be directed to "The Free Democrat," Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

All letters designed only for the eye of the editor, should be addressed to "S. M. BOOTH, Milwaukee, Wisconsin."

The Record.

The News of this morning, undertakes to prove that Fremont and Dayton are pro-slavery men, because they voted against an amendment of Mr. Seward, to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia. This was an amendment to a bill to abolish the slave trade in the District of Columbia, and Mr. Dayton, as any one will see by looking at pages 1643 Vol. 22, *Congressional Globe*, opposed the amendment on the ground that, if passed, it would defeat the bill to abolish the slave trade then. And Mr. Atchison told him, in his place in the Senate, that, having opposed the amendment simply on the ground of expediency, and of its being an improper time to present it, and not from any objections to the principles of the amendment, he did not thank him for his opposition. Fremont and Dayton both voted to abolish the slave trade in the District. Dayton spoke and voted against the Fugitive Slave Act, and did vote against the amendment to the Oregon bill, as the News says, tacking on the Missouri Compromise. And why? The Oregon bill prohibited slavery in that Territory. And the slaveholders, by way of offset, proposed to run the Missouri Compromise line to the Pacific, and then to have the Senate declare as the reason for slavery prohibition in Oregon, that it was north of 36° 30'. And against these amendments, Mr. Dayton, with the other friends of freedom, voted. These are the facts, and the puny efforts of the News to prove our candidates pro-slavery men, will only react against the Border Ruffian party, steeped all over in the iniquities of slavery.

The Object Confessed.

The Northern Honors have all along denied that the object of the Kansas-Nebraska bill was to establish Slavery in those Territories. But in the debate in the House, on the 24th inst., in opposing the proposition to repeal the bogus laws of Kansas, Mr. McMullen, of Virginia, defended the territorial laws of Kansas, and charged that they were the indirect productions of the movements in the Northern States, especially in Massachusetts, to send freemen to that Territory to mould its institutions after the fashion of New England, to prevent Slavery from going in there, to make it a Free State, and thus defeat the object of the Kansas-Nebraska bill.

That is the truth in a nut-shell. Slavery was excluded from these territories by law. The Kansas-Nebraska bill opened them to Slavery. That was its object, and that object has been accomplished.

Attack upon an Editor.

As the editor of the Louisville & Frankfort R. R. Depot one day last week, he was violently assaulted by Elias H. Hall, who struck him with a large hickory stick before he was aware an attack was meditated. He warded off the blows with his left arm, and succeeded in knocking Hall down with his fist, who in falling dropped a pistol from his pocket. Mr. Hall then wrested the cane from him, when Hall turned and fled, leaving behind his hat, cane and pistol.

One of the blows on Mr. H. H. Hall's arm was so severe, that it was supposed a bone was fractured.

The attack was thought to be in consequence of a paragraph that appeared in the *Courier* a few days since of Hall's appearance in court, when it was proved that he had been an inmate of the Auburn New York State Prison for three years.

SMALL BUSINESS, for the News and other Hunker papers, which live on the people's money drawn from the public treasury, to be continually chargin other papers with getting money under pretences of benevolence, and appropriating it to themselves. The News intimates that the Kansas Fund, which the Tribune proposes to raise, and to which it has subscribed a thousand dollars, is a swindle for the Tribune's benefit. If the News was maintaining a decent cause it might afford to use decent weapons. But the Border Ruffian party—true to its character—must defame and abuse its opponents.

A GLASS BALLOT-BOX—The plan of a transparent ballot-box, designed to prevent frauds in voting, was exhibited at the New York mayor's office on Monday. It is a simple globe of glass, and supported upon four pillars, with a glass cover on the top and a small aperture for the admission of votes. The inventor intends to apply to the common council for the purchase of this contrivance, and its adoption at the next election.

HUNG for Slave Stealing.—M. M. Chancey, convicted of slave stealing, was hung at Lancaster, S. C., on Friday, the 11th inst. He persisted to the last in asserting his innocence. Moses Gossett, convicted of the same offence, exploded his crime on the same day, at Unionville, S. C.

The News compares the assault of the Ruffian Brooks upon Sumner, to the flogging of sailors in the navy. It thus recognizes the over-servitude of slaveholders and their right to flog and cane Northern members of Congress.

MUM.—The News has not a word to say about the acquittal of Herbert, the murderer of Keating. If it had been a Republican instead of a Buchanan Know Nothing, who had killed Keating, what a noise it would have made!

The Detroit Advertiser has a good article on Burlingame and Brooks. It says: "Mr. Burlingame committed a fatality when he consented to treat Brooks as a man and an equal."

That is it. As the representative of Massachusetts, he should have spurned him as a coward and an ingrate.

State Elections.

Five States—Iowa, Missouri, Arkansas, Kentucky and Alabama—hold elections next Monday, the 4th prox., and two States—North Carolina and Tennessee—hold elections on Thursday, the 7th prox. Two years ago, Iowa elected a Republican Governor by about 2,000 majority. In the spring of 1855, the Republican ticket was elected by an average majority of 4,366.

The vote of the other States in 1855—except Missouri—was as follows:

KENTUCKY.

Governor—Worsham, American.....63,813

Clark, Democrat.....65,413

American majority.....4,403

Congress—six Americans, four Democrats.

ALABAMA.

Governor—Winton, Democrat.....43,926

Borbridge, American.....32,124

American majority.....11,738

CONGRESS—six Democrats, two Americans.

TEXAS.

Congress—L. Bell, Democrat.....14,379

H. Ward, Democrat.....10,311

Total.....24,690

J. Hancock, American.....9,496

H. Evans, American.....10,312

Total.....19,808

Democrat.....24,690

American.....19,824

Democrat majority.....4,852

Congress—one Democrat, one American.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Congress—Aggregate Democratic vote.....47,957

 " American vote.....40,912

Democrat majority.....7,045

Congress—five Democrats, three Americans.

TENNESSEE.

Governor—Johnston, Democrat.....67,499

Gentry, American.....65,332

Democrat majority.....2,165

Congress—five Democrats, five Americans.

Survey of the States.

The N. Y. Tribune has published a series of articles reviewing the state of the political field on the Presidential question, and in summing up shows the several States to stand as follows:

For Fremont: Peter, Buchanan; Peter, Fillmore; Peter, Chase.

Maine.....8, Virginia.....15 Maryland.....5

N. Hampshire.....13 N. Carolina.....12 Kentucky.....12

Massachusetts.....13 S. Carolina.....8 Louisiana.....10

Rhode Island.....4 Georgia.....10

Connecticut.....6 Alabama.....9 Total.....23

Mississippi.....5 Missouri.....7 Total.....23

New York.....20 Florida.....3

North Carolina.....23 Louisiana.....4

Wisconsin.....5 Tennessee.....12

Illinois.....11 Pennsylvania.....7 New Jersey.....7

Iowa.....4 Total.....82 Pennsylvania.....27 California.....4 Total.....12

Indiana.....3 Missouri.....13 Total.....129

And it says:

"Should Fremont carry the States we have set down to him and Pennsylvanians are among the doubtful, he is elected; should he lose Pennsylvania and carry Indiana and New Jersey with those set down to him, he is elected. We believe the result will show a vote for him ahead of any State or Congressional candidate who may be running on the same ticket, proving him the candidate not of a party but of the great mass of the unfeathered and free-souled American People."

Political Items.

FREEOMONT IN SOUTH CAROLINA.—The Charleston (S. C.) Standard, speaking of Col. Fremont as the republican candidate, says:

He still displays address in sticking to the simplicity of the issue upon which he proposes to stand. No one in a free State can possibly say anything against the proposition to exclude slavery from the territory of the United States. Some are to conservative to propitiate the act, but all will approve it, and if he carry all the Free States, he will carry the Presidency also; his statistics are judicious. Mr. Buchanan has to carry forty years for service, and an immense platform, which contains something offensive to everybody. Mr. Fillmore carries the platform of the know nothing party at least and besides this the traditions of a political career, and one term in the Presidency. Both are weighed too heavily, for a good race, and there can be no question but that, in this respect at least, Mr. Fremont will have vastly the advantage.

FREEOMONT IN GEORGIA.—We see it stated that the Wilkes county (Ga.) Republican has run up the names of Fremont and Dayton.

FREEOMONT AMONG NEW ENGLAND GERMANS.—The *Angerer des Nordens* a German paper published in Boston—a paper which heretofore supported the Pierce administration—has declared against the Buchanan ticket, and come out in support of the Philadelphia nominations and platform. Last Saturday it put the name of Fremont and Dayton at the head of its columns.

HEAR THE OTHER SIDE.—While the Northern Douglasses are asserting that Fremont is a Know Nothing, for the purpose of preventing the adopted citizens, who are opposed to Slavery, from voting for him, the Southern wing of the Buchananites, who are coalescing with Know Nothingism, are strongly maintaining that Mr. Fremont is not a Know Nothing. The Washington Sentinel, a violent original Buchanan organ, says, in speaking of Fremont's position:

"He is called an American; yet no American can dare assert that, in his whole life-time, he has uttered a single word in favor of any one of the distinctive doctrines of the American party."

PROSPECT IN NEW YORK.

The Convention of the Radical Democracy of New York, at Syracuse, composed of some of the ablest Democrats in the State, heartily endorsed Fremont, and sent forth a strong address to the People. The N. Y. Evening Post says of it:

"We need hardly say to any well informed reader that this Conference settles the question of the New York election, as between the Republicans and every other candidate. What was not doubtful before, is rendered now more absolutely certain, that the State of New York will give Fremont and Dayton her electoral vote, probably by the largest majority ever cast in this State at any Presidential election."

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EXEC

LOCAL MATTERS, &c.

Advertisements for the DAILY FREE DEMOCRAT, in order to insure their insertion the same day, should be handed in by 10 o'clock A. M.

Child Lost.

A small boy, twenty months old, left the house of his parents on the corner of Market and Martin streets, this morning. He has light hair, is lightly built, and answers to the name of HENRY. He had on, when he left, a striped shirt and checked pantaloons—no hat.

Any information concerning his whereabouts will be thankfully received by his distressed parents, at the above named place.

Buchanan Club Meeting.—The Bummers in Gunderry.

At the meeting of the Seventh Ward Buchanan club, at the Court House, last evening, the resolution of the Fremont Club, inviting the democratic Club of Milwaukee to a discussion of the merits of the respective platforms, of the two parties, was read and discussed at length.

D. A. J. Upham made a heavy speech, assailing the motives of the Fremont Club, in extending the invitation for discussion, in the usual democratic style. If they could have a fair discussion of the principles of the platforms, he should be in favor of accepting the proposition; but this could not be expected from the dishonest Shanghais, who only wished to get an opportunity to raise a breeze, by crying out against slavery and the outrages in Kansas, subjects which had nothing to do with the present cause. He did not care to hear a lecture on the morality of slavery—there were not two opinions on that subject.

He seemed to owe the Shanghais a special spite. He said the Shanghais had more press and money than the Democrats, and had scattered lies all over the country about Kansas and the Nebraska bill, to deceive the people; and he seemed to think they had succeeded to a dangerous extent.

If they could have a fair discussion, with such men as E. G. Ryan and J. E. Arnold, as their champions, he knew they could vanquish their opponents with the greatest ease; but he didn't think the Fremont Club had made the proposition in good faith.

It was evident from Mr. Upham's pettifogging throughout, that he knew the democratic platform is rotten and won't stand the test of a thorough investigation, and therefore he must trump up some pretext for refusing to meet the Fremont Club in debate.

The Chairman, Mr. Steever, made some remarks, taking up about the same position with Mr. Upham, but thought the subject should be referred to the city Club, where it properly belonged.

Another gentleman—whom we did not know—was opposed to accepting the proposition. He did not wish to give the Shanghais a chance to crow. He illustrated his idea of the matter by relating a pointless anecdote, which brought down the house.

Mr. Bade was in favor of accepting the proposition.

District Attorney Mallory made a speech which cast some of Davy Atchison's Border Ruffian efforts into the shade. He denounced the Republicans in the most violent and unmercifully style, accusing them of all manner of deception and villainy. It was a tirade of low political song, misrepresentation and personal abuse—just such an harangue as one would expect from Capt. Rynders, but which a gentleman would be ashamed to indulge in. He was opposed to holding a discussion with the Shanghais, as their object was to call out a respectable crowd, which they had not been able to do at any of their meetings yet. Besides they could not have a fair discussion. The Republicans wanted a discussion so as to have an opportunity to provoke some of the democratic boys to snub some Shanghai's nose, so they could have another martyr. Modest and truthful Mr. Mallory! You had just 77 men and boys, democrats and Republicans, at your meeting at 9 o'clock last evening, and of that number, nearly half, if not quite, were office-holders or office-seekers. There has not been a Republican meeting of American born citizens in this city since the nomination of Fremont which was not attended by twice that number; and members of your own party have admitted that the Republican ratification was twice as numerously attended as the Buchanan ratification meeting.

But to state the facts would not subserve Mr. M.'s purposes. If Buchanan should succeed, Mr. Mallory will probably be rewarded with a lucrative federal office.

W. K. Wilson spoke earnestly in favor of accepting the invitation, and made a very sensible speech. From the bitter tone of most of the speakers, and their various exhibitions of derision, it is clear that they expect a sound thrashing this fall.

POLICE COURT, July 29.

Jeremiah Lee, charged with being disorderly discharged; Mary Ann Benson, like offence, discharged; Gustavus Wolf, intoxicated—2d offence—\$50, and in default sent to jail for 10 days; Barbara Giusal, assault and battery fined \$10.

Servetus Loomis, examined and held to bail in the sum of \$350 for his appearance at the Circuit Court, to answer the charge of bastardy. The name of the victim is Anna Cairn.

MADAME ABŁAMOWICZ' second and last concert last evening, was very select—too much so to inspire enthusiasm or create sacerdotal notes. Petite Maggie sang chirringly and was encouraged heartily. Miss Idalis looked and sang sweetly, but her voice is too faint and indistinct—Madame Abłamowicz tried to awaken the echoes, but they wouldn't awake. Some of the pieces were very well executed. But on the whole, both the attendance and the performance were a failure. Very few singers can safely risk a second concert in this city, in such warm weather.

For COLLINGWOOD.—The fine Str. Buckeye State leaves here for Collingwood at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning.

REAL ESTATE SALES YESTERDAY.—Mr. J. S. Fillmore, Land and Collecting Agent, No. 2 Juseau Block, report the following registered sales of real estate:

W. H. Clark's Addition.	8,100
W. H. Clark's Addition.	8,100
W. H. Clark's Addition.	10,000
LANDS.	10,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	2,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	1,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	2,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	187
TOTAL.	337
JULY 24.	317,344
LANDS.	1,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	3,000
W. H. Clark's Addition.	1,000
LANDS.	639
W. H. Clark's Addition.	8,500
LANDS.	5,000
LANDS.	3,000
TOTAL.	14,000

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Spann's Horticultural Exhibition, AT YOUNG'S HALL, On Thursday, July 31st.

H. SPAHN would respectfully inform the citizens of Milwaukee that the well known grand exhibition of Fruits, Flowers, Plants and Vegetable Garden, at Young's Hall, commencing on Thursday, at 2 P. M., and continuing throughout the day and evening.

He has great pains to make it the Horticultural display of the year, and will promise those attending a sight well worth seeing.

Price of admission, 10 cents.

CLARK & HILSEY.

CORNER OF MAIN AND WISCONSIN STREETS.

Timber Land and Water Power.

320 ACRES of woodland and a good water power, to be sold cheap or exchanged for dry property.

CLARKE & HILSEY.

Sixty Acres of Timber Land.

60 ACRES of Timber Land on the Milwaukee River, to be sold for \$500, or exchanged for dry property.

CLARKE & HILSEY.

House on Wisconsin Street for Sale.

A HOUSE, a long lot, the house having four rooms, to be had for \$100, or \$100 a month, or \$100 a year.

CLARKE & HILSEY.

A House on Spring Street Hill.

A HOUSE, built last season, with a lot \$650, can be bought at a great bargain.

CLARKE & HILSEY.

Valuable Property.

A LARGE addition to the Sixth Ward, for sale now and on easy terms.

CLARKE & HILSEY.

A Great Bargain.

50 ACRES of LAND, 3½ miles from the city limits, with a good frame house and barn and fine Orchard of Apples, Pears, Pears, Cherries, &c. The land has beautiful, and the soil is the best quality. Price \$10 per acre, 14 down, balance in 10 years, may 5.

CLARKE & HILSEY, Land Agent.

For Collingwood.

1856

THE STEAMER BUCKEYE STATE.

WEDNESDAY.—The Milwaukee Pier at 8 A. M., on the Wisconsin near the Freight yard, at the Pier or at no. 12 P. M. K. R. D. P. T.

Church Organ for J. H. DIBBLE.

The organ now in use at St. James' Church, is offered for sale cheap. Apparatus, Milwaukee to Dr. Dibble, Second Ward.

WHOLESALE HAT, CAP AND STRAW GOODS STORE.

T. J. Salsman & Co., Of New York, will open a

WHOLESALE HAT, CAP AND STRAW GOODS STORE.

Straw Goods Store.

On the First of September,

119 East Water Street,

Next Door South of Marr's, Now occupied by JONES, DINNIN & JONES.

1856

Eagle Carriage Factory,

Corner of West Water and Cedar Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED having purchased THE

AND having the store of

MESSRS. DURAND & LAWRENCE,

117 East Water Street, Milwaukee

WILL ON AND AFTER THE 1st of May, be

relinquished to the receipt of large

stocks.

GROCERIES

ALBERT WOOD,

PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

NO. 38, SPRING STREET, 1856, MILWAUKEE,

STRICT and personal attention paid to all consignments and orders, which are respectfully solicited and promptly attended to.

REFFERTS:

Messrs. Marshall & Bailey, Bankers, Milwaukee.

Messrs. E. L. Thirkell & Co., Bankers, Chicago.

Columbia County Bank, Portage City, Wis.

Messrs. Richardson & Co., Madison, Wis.

Allen House, Esq., President of Mechanics' Bank, Portland, Maine.

N. Harris, Esq., President Atlantic Bank, Boston, Mass.

1856

MAGAZINES FOR AUGUST.

HARPER.—Containing more of Porte Crayon Sketches; G. L. & G. Ladies' Book, London Art Journal—Yesterdays; Late Number of the London News and Punch, just received at

WILSON'S, 175 East Water Street.

IMPORTANT TO RAILROAD CONDUCTORS,

AND OTHERS.—The Mean Time for the

Arrival of the City of Milwaukee.

Having prepared our

selves with the Instruments, &c., we can now, by frequent Train Observations, furnish all with the standard time so much needed.

As we keep the largest stock of Time Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, &c., most of New York, at Wholesale and Retail.

L. L. LOOMIS.

1856

ART LEAF from Sunny Side, by A. Phelps, just received at

A. WHITTEMORE & Co.

1856

ARTICLES FOR THE

COLLINGWOOD.

1856

ADVERTISEMENTS.

